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## Data tables, 2016 Census

# Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for the Population in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2016 Census - 25\% Sample Data 

## Data table

## Select data categories for this table



| Nunavut |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 620 |
| Total - Age groups, average age and median age for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 620 |
| 0 to 14 years | 11,650 | 10,235 | 110 | 20 | 1,285 | 120 |
| 0 to 4 years | 4,145 | 3,305 | 45 | 10 | 785 | 50 |
| 5 to 9 years | 4,100 | 3,680 | 40 | 10 | 375 | 40 |
| 10 to 14 years | 3,405 | 3,250 | 20 | 10 | 120 | 25 |
| 15 to 64 years | 22,615 | 21,810 | 440 | 60 | 305 | 475 |
| 15 to 19 years | 3,125 | 3,070 | 10 | 10 | 40 | 10 |
| 20 to 24 years | 3,010 | 2,955 | 30 | 10 | 25 | 30 |
| 25 to 29 years | 3,140 | 3,060 | 50 | 0 | 25 | 50 |
| 30 to 34 years | 2,775 | 2,675 | 75 | 10 | 20 | 80 |
| 35 to 39 years | 2,365 | 2,265 | 85 | 10 | 10 | 90 |
| 40 to 44 years | 1,990 | 1,930 | 40 | 0 | 15 | 45 |
| 45 to 49 years | 2,040 | 1,965 | 40 | 0 | 30 | 40 |
| 50 to 54 years | 1,825 | 1,725 | 55 | 15 | 35 | 60 |
| 55 to 59 years | 1,390 | 1,315 | 40 | 0 | 35 | 40 |
| 60 to 64 years | 955 | 855 | 30 | 10 | 70 | 25 |
| 65 years and over | 1,315 | 850 | 25 | 10 | 430 | 30 |
| 65 to 69 years | 640 | 525 | 15 | 0 | 95 | 10 |
| 70 to 74 years | 340 | 200 | 10 | 10 | 135 | 10 |
| 75 to 79 years | 195 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 0 |
| 80 to 84 years | 95 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 0 |
| 85 years and over | 40 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| 85 to 89 years | 35 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| 90 to 94 years | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 95 to 99 years | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 years and over | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Average age | 27.6 | 27.5 | 35.7 | 36.7 | 25.5 | .... (not applicable) |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Median age | 25.0 | 25.3 | 37.0 | 36.3 | 7.6 | .... (not applicable) |
| Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private households $25 \%$ sample data $\underline{2}$ | 23,935 | 22,655 | 470 | 70 | 735 | 500 |
| Married or living common law | 12,840 | 12,165 | 285 | 40 | 355 | 305 |
| Married | 6,570 | 6,100 | 160 | 20 | 290 | 170 |
| Living common law | 6,270 | 6,065 | 125 | 20 | 65 | 135 |
| Not married and not living common law | 11,095 | 10,495 | 180 | 30 | 385 | 195 |
| Never married | 9,575 | 9,265 | 135 | 25 | 160 | 145 |
| Separated | 395 | 370 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Divorced | 430 | 390 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 35 |
| Widowed | 690 | 470 | 0 | 10 | 210 | 0 |
| Total - Income statistics in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{3}$ | 23,930 | 22,660 | 470 | 65 | 740 | 500 |
| Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data | 22,435 | 21,200 | 465 | 65 | 710 | .... (not applicable) |
| Average total income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 50,689 | 50,430 | 91,499 | 63,585 | 30,578 | .... (not applicable) |
| Median total income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 29,743 | 29,602 | 92,245 | 40,917 | 21,664 | .... (not applicable) |
| Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households $25 \%$ sample data | 22,435 | 21,200 | 460 | 70 | 710 | .... (not applicable) |
| Average after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 43,247 | 43,016 | 75,405 | 53,002 | 28,221 | .... (not applicable) |
| Median after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 28,635 | 28,524 | 75,904 | 36,832 | 21,536 | .... (not applicable) |
| Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households $25 \%$ sample data | 19,220 | 18,190 | 445 | 60 | 530 | .... (not applicable) |
| Average market income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 52,115 | 51,979 | 90,696 | 65,135 | 22,507 | .... (not applicable) |
| Median market income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 30,583 | 30,579 | 92,211 | 40,320 | 8,992 | .... (not applicable) |
| Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data | 21,890 | 20,670 | 450 | 60 | 705 | .... (not applicable) |
| Average government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 6,191 | 5,981 | 3,656 | 6,519 | 13,947 | .... (not applicable) |
| Median government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 2,524 | 2,372 | 1,207 | 2,645 | 15,328 | ...) (not applicable) |
| Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data | 18,585 | 17,640 | 435 | 55 | 455 | .... (not applicable) |
| Average employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 51,195 | 51,001 | 88,416 | 63,408 | 21,638 | .... (not applicable) |
| Median employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$) | 29,724 | 29,602 | 92,203 | 41,216 | 6,704 | .... (not applicable) |
| Composition of total income in 2015 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (\%)-25\% sample data 4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | .... (not applicable) |
| Market income (\%) ${ }^{5}$ | 88.1 | 88.4 | 95.9 | 94.6 | 54.9 | .... (not applicable) |
| Employment income (\%) ¢ | 83.7 | 84.1 | 90.4 | 78.4 | 45.3 | .... (not applicable) |
| Government transfers (\%) $\underline{\square}$ | 11.9 | 11.6 | 3.9 | 10.3 | 45.3 | .... (not applicable) |
| Total - Total income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households $-25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{8}$ | 23,935 | 22,655 | 465 | 65 | 740 | 500 |
| Without total income | 1,495 | 1,460 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| With total income | 22,435 | 21,195 | 465 | 70 | 710 | 495 |
| Percentage with total income | 93.7 | 93.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 95.9 | 99.0 |
| Under \$10,000 (including loss) | 5,320 | 5,170 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 110 | 35 |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999 | 3,345 | 3,140 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published). | 170 | 30 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999 | 2,610 | 2,365 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 215 | 30 |
| \$30,000 to \$39,999 | 1,810 | 1,690 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 85 | 30 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999 | 1,190 | 1,125 | 15 | F (too unreliable to be published). | 40 | 15 |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 | 810 | 775 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 15 | 20 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| \$60,000 to \$69,999 | 730 | 690 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 30 |
| \$70,000 to \$79,999 | 730 | 690 | 30 | F (too unreliable <br> to be published) | 10 | 30 |
| \$80,000 to \$89,999 | 820 | 770 | 25 | F (too unreliable <br> to be published) | 20 | 25 |
| \$90,000 to \$99,999 | 835 | 800 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 25 |
| \$100,000 and over | 4,230 | 3,975 | 210 | F (too unreliable to be published). | 30 | 220 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 3,215 | 3,045 | 140 | F (too unreliable <br> to be published) | 20 | 150 |
| \$150,000 and over | 1,010 | 930 | 70 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 70 |
| Total - After-tax income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households $-25 \%$ sample data 9 | 23,930 | 22,660 | 470 | 70 | 735 | 500 |
| Without after-tax income | 1,495 | 1,460 | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| With after-tax income | 22,435 | 21,195 | 460 | 65 | 710 | 495 |
| Percentage with after-tax income | 93.8 | 93.5 | 97.9 | 92.9 | 96.6 | 99.0 |
| Under \$10,000 (including loss) | 5,340 | 5,180 | 35 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 110 | 35 |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999 | 3,415 | 3,200 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 175 | 35 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999 | 2,825 | 2,575 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published). | 210 | 30 |
| \$30,000 to \$39,999 | 1,920 | 1,790 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 95 | 30 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999 | 1,270 | 1,215 | 20 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 35 | 15 |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 | 985 | 925 | 40 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 15 | 40 |
| \$60,000 to \$69,999 | 1,015 | 950 | 45 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 20 | 45 |
| \$70,000 to \$79,999 | 1,085 | 1,030 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 20 | 35 |
| \$80,000 and over | 4,595 | 4,330 | 215 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 30 | 225 |
| \$80,000 to \$89,999 | 1,090 | 1,045 | 35 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 0 | 35 |
| \$90,000 to \$99,999 | 1,025 | 970 | 40 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 40 |
| \$100,000 and over | 2,480 | 2,310 | 140 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 15 | 145 |
| Total - Employment income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 10 | 23,935 | 22,660 | 470 | 65 | 740 | 500 |
| Without employment income | 5,345 | 5,020 | 30 | 15 | 280 | 35 |
| With employment income | 18,590 | 17,640 | 435 | 60 | 455 | 460 |
| Percentage with employment income | 77.7 | 77.8 | 92.6 | 92.3 | 61.5 | 92.0 |
| Under \$5,000 (including loss) | 3,930 | 3,695 | 15 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 205 | 20 |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 1,805 | 1,715 | 15 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 65 | 20 |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999 | 2,150 | 2,070 | 25 | $F$ (too unreliable to be published) | 55 | 30 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999 | 1,435 | 1,370 | 20 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 45 | 20 |
| \$30,000 to \$39,999 | 1,025 | 975 | 20 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 20 | 25 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999 | 815 | 775 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published). | 10 | 30 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 | 710 | 670 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 30 |
| \$60,000 to \$69,999 | 655 | 625 | 20 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 0 | 20 |
| \$70,000 to \$79,999 | 675 | 640 | 25 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 25 |
| \$80,000 and over | 5,390 | 5,095 | 240 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 40 | 250 |
| \$80,000 to \$89,999 | 760 | 730 | 20 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 15 |
| \$90,000 to \$99,999 | 805 | 765 | 30 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 10 | 30 |
| \$100,000 and over | 3,830 | 3,600 | 195 | F (too unreliable to be published) | 20 | 205 |
| Total - Employment income statistics for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 11 | 23,930 | 22,660 | 465 | 70 | 735 | 500 |
| Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households who worked full year full time in 2015-25\% sample data 12 | 7,580 | 7,225 | 255 | 25 | 75 | ... (not applicable) |
| Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) ${ }^{13}$ | 90,230 | 89,790 | 113,920 | 104,704 | 45,952 | (not applicable) |
| Average employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 14 | 88,321 | 87,974 | 106,520 | 103,641 | 54,314 | ... (not applicable) |
| Total - Knowledge of official languages for the population in private households - $25 \%$ Sample Data ${ }^{15}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 615 |
| English only | 31,975 | 31,975 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French only | 55 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 55 |
| English and French | 1,510 | 900 | 520 | 90 | 0 | 565 |
| Neither English nor French | 2,045 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 2,025 | 0 |
| Total - Language spoken most often at home for the population in private households 25\% Sample Data ${ }^{16}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 85 | 2,020 | 620 |
| English | 16,610 | 16,390 | 220 | 0 | 0 | 220 |
| French | 340 | 15 | 325 | 0 | 0 | 325 |
| Non-official language | 18,020 | 15,910 | 10 | 80 | 2,025 | 50 |
| Aboriginal | 17,705 | 15,630 | 10 | 60 | 2,005 | 40 |
| Non-Aboriginal | 315 | 280 | 0 | 20 | 15 | 15 |
| English and French | 20 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| English and non-official language | 580 | 580 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English, French and non-official language | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the population in private households - $25 \%$ Sample Data 17 | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 620 |
| None | 17,345 | 15,145 | 310 | 45 | 1,845 | 335 |
| English | 9,535 | 9,210 | 110 | 35 | 175 | 130 |
| French | 235 | 140 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| Non-official language | 8,420 | 8,375 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 45 |
| Aboriginal | 7,990 | 7,975 | 20 | 0 | 10 | 15 |
| Non-Aboriginal | 435 | 400 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 30 |
| English and French | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English and non-official language | 20 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French and non-official language | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| English, French and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Mother tongue for the population in private households - $25 \%$ Sample Data ${ }^{18}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 620 |
| English | 10,965 | 10,965 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French | 585 | 30 | 555 | 0 | 0 | 555 |
| Non-official language | 23,295 | 21,180 | 10 | 85 | 2,025 | 50 |
| Aboriginal | 22,570 | 20,495 | 0 | 60 | 2,015 | 35 |
| Non-Aboriginal | 725 | 685 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 20 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| English and French | 25 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| English and non-official language | 690 | 690 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French and non-official language | 15 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English, French and non-official language | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 19 | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 620 |
| Official languages | 33,535 | 32,875 | 575 | 85 | 0 | 620 |
| English | 33,480 | 32,875 | 515 | 85 | 0 | 565 |
| French | 1,565 | 900 | 575 | 85 | 0 | 620 |
| Non-official languages | 28,435 | 26,195 | 135 | 85 | 2,025 | 180 |
| Aboriginal languages | 27,345 | 25,220 | 55 | 60 | 2,010 | 90 |
| Non-Aboriginal languages | 1,240 | 1,095 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 100 |
| Total - Aboriginal identity for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{20}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 620 |
| Aboriginal identity $\underline{\underline{21}}$ | 30,550 | 28,410 | 65 | 65 | 2,015 | 95 |
| Single Aboriginal responses $\stackrel{22}{\underline{2}}$ | 30,490 | 28,355 | 65 | 60 | 2,010 | 95 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) ${ }^{\underline{23}}$ | 190 | 185 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Métis | 165 | 140 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Inuk (Inuit) | 30,140 | 28,025 | 35 | 60 | 2,010 | 70 |
| Multiple Aboriginal responses ${ }^{24}$ | 55 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ${ }^{25}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Aboriginal identity | 5,025 | 4,485 | 515 | 30 | 10 | 525 |
| Total - Population by Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{26}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 615 |
| Registered or Treaty Indian ${ }^{27}$ | 165 | 165 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Not a Registered or Treaty Indian | 35,415 | 32,730 | 570 | 85 | 2,025 | 610 |
| Total - Aboriginal ancestry for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data $\underline{28}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 615 |
|  | 25,215 | 23,330 | 35 | 45 | 1,810 | 55 |
| Single Aboriginal ancestry (only) ${ }^{30}$ | 25,030 | 23,145 | 35 | 40 | 1,810 | 55 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry ${ }^{31}$ | 100 | 85 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Métis single ancestry | 40 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Inuit single ancestry | 24,890 | 23,030 | 15 | 40 | 1,805 | 35 |
| Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only) ${ }^{32}$ | 185 | 185 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestries | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestries | 165 | 165 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Métis and Inuit ancestries | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries ${ }^{33}$ | 5,205 | 4,915 | 65 | 15 | 200 | 75 |
| Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries ${ }^{34}$ | 4,990 | 4,705 | 70 | 15 | 195 | 75 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 255 | 230 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 65 | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 4,670 | 4,425 | 30 | 15 | 195 | 40 |
| Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries ${ }^{35}$ | 215 | 210 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian), Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 155 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 55 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only) ${ }^{36}$ | 5,165 | 4,645 | 475 | 30 | 15 | 490 |
| Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{37}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 620 |
| Canadian citizens ${ }^{38}$ | 35,280 | 32,630 | 555 | 85 | 2,020 | 595 |
| Canadian citizens only | 35,175 | 32,525 | 550 | 85 | 2,020 | 590 |
| Citizens of Canada and at least one other country | 110 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Not Canadian citizens ${ }^{39}$ | 295 | 265 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 25 |
| Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 40 | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,025 | 620 |
| Non-immigrants 41 | 34,605 | 31,985 | 530 | 70 | 2,020 | 565 |
| Immigrants ${ }^{42}$ | 920 | 850 | 45 | 20 | 0 | 50 |
| Before 1981 | 155 | 150 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 1981 to 1990 | 105 | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 to 2000 | 165 | 155 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 to 2010 | 335 | 310 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| 2001 to 2005 | 160 | 155 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 2006 to 2010 | 175 | 155 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| 2011 to 2016 43 | 170 | 140 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Non-permanent residents ${ }^{44}$ | 55 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 45 | 915 | 850 | 45 | 20 | 0 | 55 |
| Under 5 years | 100 | 95 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 5 to 14 years | 160 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 15 to 24 years | 165 | 155 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 25 to 44 years | 435 | 405 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 30 |
| 45 years and over | 60 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Selected places of birth for the immigrant population in private households $-25 \%$ sample data 46 | 920 | 855 | 40 | 20 | 0 | 55 |
| Americas | 155 | 150 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brazil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Colombia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| El Salvador | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guyana | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Haiti | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jamaica | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mexico | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Peru | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United States ${ }^{47}$ | 60 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Americas | 45 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Europe | 190 | 180 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Croatia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| France | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Germany | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Greece | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hungary | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ireland ${ }^{48}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Italy | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Netherlands | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Poland | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Portugal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Romania | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Russian Federation | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Serbia ${ }^{49}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Ukraine | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United Kingdom ${ }^{50}$ | 80 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Europe | 25 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Africa | 190 | 160 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 30 |
| Algeria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Egypt | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethiopia | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kenya | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Morocco | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nigeria | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Somalia | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Africa, Republic of | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Africa | 105 | 75 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Asia | 370 | 355 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Afghanistan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bangladesh | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| China ${ }^{51}$ | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hong Kong ${ }^{52}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| India | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iran ${ }^{53}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iraq | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Japan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Korea, South ${ }^{54}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lebanon | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pakistan | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Philippines | 185 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sri Lanka | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syria ${ }^{55}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Taiwan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Viet Nam | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Asia | 35 | 30 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania and other places of birth ${ }^{56}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households $-25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{57}$ | 165 | 140 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| Americas | 35 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brazil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Colombia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cuba | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Haiti | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jamaica | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mexico | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United States ${ }^{58}$ | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Venezuela ${ }^{59}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Americas | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Europe | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| France | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Germany | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ireland $\underline{60}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Moldova ${ }^{61}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Romania | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Russian Federation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ukraine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United Kingdom ${ }^{62}$ | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Europe | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Africa | 45 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Algeria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cameroon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Congo, Democratic Republic of the | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Côte d'lvoire | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Egypt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eritrea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethiopia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Morocco | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nigeria | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Somalia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Africa, Republic of | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tunisia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Africa | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asia | 75 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Afghanistan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bangladesh | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| China ${ }^{63}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hong Kong ${ }^{64}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| India | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \|ran ${ }^{65}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iraq | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Israel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Japan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Korea, South ${ }^{66}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lebanon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nepal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pakistan | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Philippines | 50 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabia | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sri Lanka | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syria 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Taiwan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turkey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United Arab Emirates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Viet Nam | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth in Asia | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania and other $\underline{68}^{6}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Australia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other places of birth ${ }^{69}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Generation status for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{\text {70 }}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 615 |
| First generation 71 | 1,025 | 960 | 40 | 20 | 0 | 50 |
| Second generation ${ }^{\underline{12}}$ | 925 | 875 | 40 | 10 | 10 | 40 |
| Third generation or more ${ }^{73}$ | 33,630 | 31,065 | 495 | 65 | 2,010 | 525 |
| Total - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private households who landed between 1980 and $2016-25 \%$ sample data 74 | 770 | 710 | 35 | 20 | 10 | 50 |
| Economic immigrants ${ }^{\text {75 }}$ | 430 | 395 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 30 |
| Principal applicants ${ }^{76}$ | 230 | 205 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| Secondary applicants ${ }^{\text {I7 }}$ | 200 | 185 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Immigrants sponsored by family ${ }^{78}$ | 235 | 215 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Refugees ${ }^{79}$ | 105 | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Other immigrants ${ }^{80}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 1 | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 85 | 2,020 | 615 |
| Total visible minority population $\underline{8}$ | 910 | 835 | 50 | 15 | 0 | 60 |
| South Asian ${ }^{\underline{83}}$ | 115 | 110 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Chinese | 70 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black | 325 | 280 | 45 | 10 | 0 | 45 |
| Filipino | 235 | 230 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Latin American | 40 | 35 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Arab | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southeast Asian ${ }^{84}$ | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Asian ${ }^{85}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Korean | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Japanese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Visible minority, n.i.e. ${ }^{86}$ | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Multiple visible minorities ${ }^{87}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not a visible minority ${ }^{88}$ | 34,675 | 32,060 | 525 | 70 | 2,020 | 560 |
| Total - Ethnic origin for the population in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{\text {®9 }}$ | 35,580 | 32,895 | 575 | 90 | 2,020 | 620 |
| North American Aboriginal origins | 30,415 | 28,250 | 100 | 60 | 2,010 | 130 |
| First Nations (North American Indian) | 690 | 650 | 35 | 0 | 10 | 40 |
| Inuit | 29,950 | 27,845 | 45 | 55 | 2,005 | 70 |
| Métis | 185 | 160 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Other North American origins | 1,820 | 1,595 | 185 | 0 | 35 | 185 |
| Acadian | 105 | 80 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| American | 230 | 225 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Canadian | 1,310 | 1,155 | 125 | 0 | 30 | 130 |
| New Brunswicker | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Newfoundlander | 125 | 120 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Nova Scotian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ontarian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Québécois | 50 | 25 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Other North American origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{90}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| European origins | 8,320 | 7,685 | 430 | 30 | 170 | 445 |
| British Isles origins | 5,810 | 5,570 | 90 | 10 | 140 | 95 |
| Channel Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cornish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English | 1,625 | 1,575 | 20 | 0 | 25 | 15 |
| Irish | 1,740 | 1,680 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 55 |
| Manx | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scottish | 3,265 | 3,115 | 30 | 10 | 105 | 35 |
| Welsh | 155 | 155 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| British Isles origins, n.i.e. 91 | 355 | 350 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French origins | 1,485 | 1,085 | 375 | 10 | 15 | 375 |
| Alsatian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Breton | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Corsican | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French | 1,480 | 1,080 | 370 | 10 | 20 | 375 |
| Western European origins (except French origins) | 975 | 940 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Austrian | 40 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bavarian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Belgian | 30 | 30 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Dutch | 190 | 190 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Flemish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Frisian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| German | 745 | 720 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 20 |
| Luxembourger | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Swiss | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Western European origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{\text {92 }}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northern European origins (except British Isles origins) | 675 | 670 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Danish | 295 | 290 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Finnish | 45 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Icelandic | 35 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Norwegian | 150 | 145 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Swedish | 115 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northern European origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{93}$ | 85 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Eastern European origins | 520 | 495 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Bulgarian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Byelorussian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Czech | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. ${ }^{\underline{94}}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Estonian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hungarian | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Latvian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lithuanian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Moldovan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Polish | 140 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Romanian | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Russian | 100 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Slovak | 20 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ukrainian | 195 | 195 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{95}$ | 30 | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Southern European origins | 415 | 385 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Albanian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bosnian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Catalan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Croatian | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cypriot | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Greek | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Italian | 180 | 160 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Kosovar | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Macedonian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maltese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montenegrin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Portuguese | 115 | 110 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Serbian | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sicilian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Slovenian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spanish | 75 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Yugoslavian, n.o.s. ${ }^{96}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern European origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{97}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other European origins | 340 | 320 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Basque | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jewish | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Roma (Gypsy) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Slavic, n.o.s. ${ }^{98}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other European origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{99}$ | 305 | 285 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Caribbean origins | 95 | 85 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Antiguan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bahamian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Barbadian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bermudan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Carib | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cuban | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dominican | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grenadian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guadeloupean | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Haitian | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jamaican | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kittitian/Nevisian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Martinican | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montserratan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Puerto Rican | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| St. Lucian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trinidadian/Tobagonian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vincentian/Grenadinian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Indian, n.o.s. ${ }^{100}$ | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Caribbean origins, n.i.e. $\frac{101}{}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Latin, Central and South American origins | 65 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Aboriginal from Central/South America (except Arawak and Maya) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arawak | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Argentinian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Belizean | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bolivian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brazilian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chilean | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Colombian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Costa Rican | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ecuadorian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guatemalan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guyanese | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Honduran | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maya | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mexican | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nicaraguan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Panamanian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Paraguayan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Peruvian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Salvadorean | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Uruguayan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Venezuelan | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Latin, Central and South American origins, n.i.e. 102 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| African origins | 465 | 410 | 40 | 10 | 10 | 45 |
| Central and West African origins | 70 | 50 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Akan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Angolan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ashanti | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Beninese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burkinabe | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cameroonian | 15 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Chadian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Congolese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Edo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ewe | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gabonese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gambian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ghanaian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guinean | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ibo | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ivorian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liberian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malinké | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nigerian | 25 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Peulh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senegalese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sierra Leonean | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Togolese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wolof | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Yoruba | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Central and West African origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{103}$ | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North African origins | 30 | 25 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Algerian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Berber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Coptic | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dinka | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Egyptian | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Libyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Moroccan | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sudanese | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tunisian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North African origins, n.i.e. $\frac{104}{}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern and East African origins | 85 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Afrikaner | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amhara | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bantu, n.o.s. 105 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burundian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Djiboutian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eritrean | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethiopian | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Harari | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kenyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malagasy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mauritian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oromo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rwandan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Seychellois | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Somali | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South African | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tanzanian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tigrian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ugandan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zambian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zimbabwean | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zulu | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern and East African origins, n.i.e. $\frac{106}{}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other African origins | 285 | 255 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Black, n.o.s. 107 | 50 | 40 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Other African origins, n.i.e. $\frac{108}{}$ | 240 | 220 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 20 |
| Asian origins | 615 | 590 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins | 100 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Afghan | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arab, n.o.s. ${ }^{109}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Armenian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Assyrian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Azerbaijani | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hazara | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iranian | 20 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iraqi | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Israeli | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jordanian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kazakh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kurd | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kuwaiti | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kyrgyz | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lebanese | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Palestinian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pashtun | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Saudi Arabian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syrian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tajik | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tatar | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turk | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turkmen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Uighur | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Uzbek | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Yemeni | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins, n.i.e. 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| South Asian origins | 125 | 120 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Bangladeshi | 20 | 20 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Bengali | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bhutanese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| East Indian | 65 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Goan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gujarati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kashmiri | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nepali | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pakistani | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Punjabi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sinhalese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sri Lankan | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tamil | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Asian origins, n.i.e. 111 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| East and Southeast Asian origins | 385 | 375 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Burmese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cambodian (Khmer) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chinese | 115 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Filipino | 250 | 245 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Hmong | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indonesian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Japanese | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Karen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Korean | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Laotian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malaysian | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mongolian | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Singaporean | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Taiwanese | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Thai | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tibetan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vietnamese | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| East and Southeast Asian origins, n.i.e. $\frac{112}{}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Asian origins | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Asian origins, n.i.e. ${ }^{113}$ | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania origins | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Australian | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Zealander | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islands origins | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fijian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hawaiian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maori | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Samoan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Polynesian, n.o.s. ${ }^{114}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islands origins, n.i.e. 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 116 | 23,930 | 22,660 | 465 | 70 | 740 | 500 |
| No certificate, diploma or degree | 12,140 | 11,435 | 30 | 25 | 645 | 45 |
| Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate 117 | 3,615 | 3,490 | 95 | 10 | 20 | 100 |
| Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree | 8,180 | 7,735 | 345 | 35 | 65 | 360 |
| Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma | 1,840 | 1,760 | 35 | 10 | 40 | 40 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 118 | 1,140 | 1,095 | 20 | 0 | 30 | 20 |
| Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 119 | 695 | 670 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 15 |
| College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma | 3,580 | 3,430 | 115 | 15 | 25 | 120 |
| University certificate or diploma below bachelor level | 215 | 200 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 20 |
| University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above | 2,540 | 2,345 | 175 | 15 | 10 | 185 |
| Bachelor's degree | 1,680 | 1,555 | 115 | 10 | 0 | 115 |
| University certificate or diploma above bachelor level | 85 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Master's degree | 695 | 640 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 55 |
| Earned doctorate $\frac{120}{}$ | 50 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2016 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{121}$ | 23,930 | 22,660 | 465 | 70 | 740 | 500 |
| No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree ${ }^{\frac{122}{}}$ | 15,750 | 14,925 | 125 | 35 | 670 | 145 |
| Education | 1,005 | 965 | 30 | 0 | 10 | 30 |
| 13. Education | 1,005 | 970 | 30 | 0 | 10 | 30 |
| Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies | 195 | 180 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50. Visual and performing arts | 160 | 150 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Humanities | 365 | 340 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 16. Aboriginal and foreign languages, literatures and linguistics | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23. English language and literature/letters | 60 | 55 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities | 75 | 65 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 30A Interdisciplinary humanities ${ }^{123}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 38. Philosophy and religious studies | 25 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 39. Theology and religious vocations | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54. History | 60 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 55. French language and literature/letters | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social and behavioural sciences and law | 1,010 | 930 | 65 | 0 | 10 | 65 |
| 05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies | 180 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 09. Communication, journalism and related programs | 50 | 45 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences | 310 | 300 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 22. Legal professions and studies | 130 | 110 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 30 B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences $\quad 124$ | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 42. Psychology | 60 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 45. Social sciences | 250 | 220 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Business, management and public administration | 1,655 | 1,585 | 60 | 0 | 10 | 60 |
| 30.16 Accounting and computer science | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 44. Public administration and social service professions | 210 | 195 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 52. Business, management, marketing and related support services | 1,445 | 1,390 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| Physical and life sciences and technologies | 215 | 200 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 26. Biological and biomedical sciences | 70 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 30.01 Biological and physical sciences | 70 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30 C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences $\frac{125}{}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40. Physical sciences | 35 | 30 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 41. Science technologies/technicians | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mathematics, computer and information sciences | 175 | 160 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 11. Computer and information sciences and support services | 140 | 130 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 25. Library science | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 27. Mathematics and statistics | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences $\frac{126}{}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Architecture, engineering, and related technologies | 1,615 | 1,525 | 60 | 10 | 20 | 65 |
| 04. Architecture and related services | 45 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 14. Engineering | 105 | 95 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 15. Engineering technologies and engineering-related fields | 310 | 290 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 30.12 Historic preservation and conservation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 46. Construction trades | 715 | 680 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 20 |
| 47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians | 365 | 340 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 15 |
| 48. Precision production | 75 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agriculture, natural resources and conservation | 215 | 205 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 01. Agriculture, agriculture operations and related sciences | 15 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 03. Natural resources and conservation | 200 | 190 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Health and related fields | 750 | 695 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| 31. Parks, recreation, leisure and fitness studies | 105 | 95 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 51. Health professions and related programs | 640 | 600 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 60. Dental, medical and veterinary residency programs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Personal, protective and transportation services | 985 | 945 | 25 | 0 | 10 | 20 |
| 12. Personal and culinary services | 310 | 305 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 28. Military science, leadership and operational art | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 29. Military technologies and applied sciences | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 43. Security and protective services | 160 | 145 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 49. Transportation and materials moving | 500 | 490 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies, other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence with countries outside Canada for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{127}$ | 23,935 | 22,660 | 465 | 70 | 735 | 500 |
| No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree | 15,755 | 14,930 | 120 | 35 | 670 | 140 |
| Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree ${ }^{128}$ | 8,180 | 7,735 | 345 | 35 | 70 | 360 |
| Location of study inside Canada | 7,640 | 7,225 | 325 | 20 | 70 | 340 |
| Same as province or territory of residence | 3,335 | 3,250 | 10 | 10 | 55 | 20 |
| Different than province or territory of residence | 4,310 | 3,975 | 310 | 10 | 10 | 320 |
| Location of study outside Canada ${ }^{129}$ | 535 | 510 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 20 |
| United States ${ }^{130}$ | 115 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Philippines | 130 | 130 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| India | 20 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United Kingdom ${ }^{131}$ | 70 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| China ${ }^{132}$ | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| France | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 180 | 165 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 15 |
| Total - Population aged 15 years and over by Labour force status - $25 \%$ sample data 133 | 23,935 | 22,660 | 465 | 70 | 735 | ... (not applicable) |
| In the labour force | 16,340 | 15,660 | 430 | 55 | 195 | .... (not applicable) |
| Employed | 12,825 | 12,220 | 405 | 40 | 150 | .... (not applicable) |
| Unemployed | 3,515 | 3,440 | 25 | 10 | 40 | .... (not applicable) |
| Not in the labour force | 7,595 | 6,995 | 30 | 15 | 545 | .... (not applicable) |
| Participation rate | 68.3 | 69.1 | 92.5 | 78.6 | 26.5 | .... (not applicable) |
| Employment rate | 53.6 | 53.9 | 87.1 | 57.1 | 20.4 | .... (not applicable) |
| Unemployment rate | 21.5 | 22.0 | 5.8 | 18.2 | 20.5 | .... (not applicable) |
| Total population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{134}$ | 23,930 | 22,660 | 465 | 65 | 740 | 500 |
| Did not work ${ }^{135}$ | 7,415 | 6,870 | 35 | 10 | 500 | 40 |
| Worked | 16,515 | 15,785 | 430 | 55 | 235 | 460 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Worked full year, full time ${ }^{136}$ | 7,760 | 7,390 | 265 | 30 | 80 | 275 |
| Worked part year and/or part time ${ }^{137}$ | 8,755 | 8,400 | 170 | 30 | 155 | 185 |
| Average weeks worked in reference year | 38.0 | 37.9 | 45.5 | 37.7 | 32.3 | .... (not applicable) |
| Total - Occupation - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since $2015-25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{138}$ | 17,000 | 16,255 | 440 | 55 | 245 | 470 |
| a.Management | 1,425 | 1,315 | 90 | 10 | 10 | 95 |
| 00 Senior management occupations | 250 | 230 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 01-05 Specialized middle management occupations | 640 | 590 | 50 | 10 | 0 | 55 |
| 06 Middle management occupations in retail and wholesale trade and customer services | 285 | 260 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 07-09 Middle management occupations in trades, transportation, production and utilities | 255 | 240 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| b.Professional | 2,610 | 2,470 | 100 | 10 | 30 | 105 |
| 11 Professional occupations in business and finance | 255 | 235 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 21 Professional occupations in natural and applied sciences | 165 | 155 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 30 Professional occupations in nursing | 140 | 135 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 31 Professional occupations in health (except nursing) | 70 | 60 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 40 Professional occupations in education services | 1,025 | 985 | 25 | 0 | 20 | 25 |
| 41 Professional occupations in law and social, community and government services | 670 | 630 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 35 |
| 51 Professional occupations in art and culture | 285 | 270 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| c. Technical and paraprofessional | 1,775 | 1,645 | 70 | 10 | 50 | 75 |
| 22 Technical occupations related to natural and applied sciences | 315 | 290 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 32 Technical occupations in health | 85 | 80 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 42 Paraprofessional occupations in legal, social, community and education services | 840 | 780 | 15 | 10 | 40 | 20 |
| 43 Occupations in front-line public protection services | 170 | 145 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 20 |
| 52 Technical occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport | 365 | 350 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| d.Administration and administrative support | 2,165 | 2,105 | 40 | 0 | 10 | 40 |
| 12 Administrative and financial supervisors and administrative occupations | 970 | 940 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 13 Finance, insurance and related business administrative occupations | 170 | 165 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 14 Office support occupations | 875 | 865 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 15 Distribution, tracking and scheduling co-ordination occupations | 145 | 135 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| e.Sales | 1,660 | 1,645 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 62 Retail sales supervisors and specialized sales occupations | 80 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 64 Sales representatives and salespersons - Wholesale and retail trade | 125 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 66 Sales support occupations | 1,455 | 1,445 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| f.Personal and customer information services | 3,785 | 3,625 | 65 | 10 | 85 | 70 |
| 34 Assisting occupations in support of health services | 185 | 185 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 44 Care providers and educational, legal and public protection support occupations | 935 | 900 | 15 | 0 | 15 | 20 |
| 63 Service supervisors and specialized service occupations | 400 | 370 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 65 Service representatives and other customer and personal services occupations | 605 | 565 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| 67 Service support and other service occupations, n.e.c. | 1,660 | 1,600 | 15 | 0 | 40 | 15 |
| g.Industrial, construction and equipment operation trades | 915 | 865 | 35 | 10 | 0 | 40 |
| 72 Industrial, electrical and construction trades | 625 | 590 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 25 |
| 73 Maintenance and equipment operation trades | 295 | 275 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| h.Workers and labourers in transport and construction | 2,080 | 2,030 | 30 | 10 | 15 | 35 |
| 74 Other installers, repairers and servicers and material handlers | 180 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 75 Transport and heavy equipment operation and related maintenance occupations | 1,260 | 1,215 | 30 | 0 | 10 | 30 |
| 76 Trades helpers, construction labourers and related occupations | 640 | 630 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| i.Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations | 370 | 350 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 82 Supervisors and technical occupations in natural resources, agriculture and related production | 150 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| 84 Workers in natural resources, agriculture and related production | 85 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 86 Harvesting, landscaping and natural resources labourers | 130 | 130 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| j. Occupations in manufacturing and utilities | 220 | 205 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 92 Processing, manufacturing and utilities supervisors and central control operators | 95 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 94 Processing and manufacturing machine operators and related production workers | 55 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 95 Assemblers in manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 96 Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities | 65 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Industry - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2012 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015-25\% sample data ${ }^{139}$ | 16,995 | 16,255 | 440 | 55 | 245 | 465 |
| 11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 195 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 111-112 Farms $\frac{140}{}$ | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 113 Forestry and logging | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 114 Fishing, hunting and trapping | 185 | 170 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 115 Support activities for agriculture and forestry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction | 690 | 680 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 211 Oil and gas extraction | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 212 Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas) | 600 | 590 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 213 Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction | 80 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 Utilities | 310 | 300 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 221 Utilities | 310 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 Construction | 1,115 | 1,060 | 35 | 0 | 10 | 40 |
| 236 Construction of buildings | 640 | 610 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 237 Heavy and civil engineering construction | 80 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 238 Specialty trade contractors | 395 | 375 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 31-33 Manufacturing | 160 | 140 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 311 Food manufacturing | 70 | 65 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 313 Textile mills | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 314 Textile product mills | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 315 Clothing manufacturing | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 316 Leather and allied product manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 321 Wood product manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322 Paper manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 323 Printing and related support activities | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 324 Petroleum and coal product manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 325 Chemical manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 331 Primary metal manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 333 Machinery manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 336 Transportation equipment manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 337 Furniture and related product manufacturing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 339 Miscellaneous manufacturing | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 41 Wholesale trade | 125 | 115 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 411 Farm product merchant wholesalers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 412 Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 413 Food, beverage and tobacco merchant wholesalers | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| 414 Personal and household goods merchant wholesalers | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 415 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and accessories merchant wholesalers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 416 Building material and supplies merchant wholesalers | 50 | 45 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 417 Machinery, equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 418 Miscellaneous merchant wholesalers | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 419 Business-to-business electronic markets, and agents and brokers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 44-45 Retail trade | 2,145 | 2,100 | 20 | 0 | 15 | 25 |
| 441 Motor vehicle and parts dealers | 15 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 442 Furniture and home furnishings stores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 443 Electronics and appliance stores | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 444 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 445 Food and beverage stores | 1,490 | 1,465 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 15 |
| 446 Health and personal care stores | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 447 Gasoline stations | 155 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 448 Clothing and clothing accessories stores | 50 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 451 Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores | 20 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 452 General merchandise stores | 200 | 205 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 453 Miscellaneous store retailers | 95 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 454 Non-store retailers | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 48-49 Transportation and warehousing | 865 | 815 | 40 | 0 | 10 | 45 |
| 481 Air transportation | 315 | 300 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 482 Rail transportation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 483 Water transportation | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 484 Truck transportation | 125 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 485 Transit and ground passenger transportation | 115 | 90 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 25 |
| 486 Pipeline transportation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 487 Scenic and sightseeing transportation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 488 Support activities for transportation | 245 | 235 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 491 Postal service | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 492 Couriers and messengers | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 493 Warehousing and storage | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 Information and cultural industries | 220 | 205 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 511 Publishing industries (except Internet) | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 512 Motion picture and sound recording industries | 30 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 515 Broadcasting (except Internet) | 95 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 517 Telecommunications | 45 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 518 Data processing, hosting, and related services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 519 Other information services | 40 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 52 Finance and insurance | 120 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 521 Monetary authorities - central bank | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 522 Credit intermediation and related activities | 75 | 75 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 523 Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investment and related activities | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 524 Insurance carriers and related activities | 25 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 526 Funds and other financial vehicles | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 53 Real estate and rental and leasing | 535 | 520 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 531 Real estate | 525 | 515 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 532 Rental and leasing services | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 533 Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 Professional, scientific and technical services | 315 | 295 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 541 Professional, scientific and technical services | 315 | 295 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| 55 Management of companies and enterprises | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 551 Management of companies and enterprises | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services | 465 | 435 | 15 | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| 561 Administrative and support services | 415 | 380 | 15 | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| 562 Waste management and remediation services | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 61 Educational services | 2,020 | 1,920 | 35 | 0 | 65 | 35 |
| 611 Educational services | 2,025 | 1,915 | 35 | 0 | 65 | 40 |
| 62 Health care and social assistance | 1,435 | 1,365 | 35 | 0 | 30 | 35 |
| 621 Ambulatory health care services | 280 | 275 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 622 Hospitals | 215 | 205 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 623 Nursing and residential care facilities | 245 | 235 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 624 Social assistance | 690 | 650 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| 71 Arts, entertainment and recreation | 325 | 310 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 711 Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries | 125 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 712 Heritage institutions | 70 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 713 Amusement, gambling and recreation industries | 135 | 130 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 72 Accommodation and food services | 695 | 670 | 20 | 0 | 10 | 20 |
| 721 Accommodation services | 415 | 400 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 722 Food services and drinking places | 280 | 275 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 81 Other services (except public administration) | 505 | 475 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 15 |
| 811 Repair and maintenance | 120 | 115 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 812 Personal and laundry services | 25 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 813 Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations | 310 | 300 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| 814 Private households | 45 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 91 Public administration | 4,750 | 4,535 | 170 | 20 | 30 | 180 |
| 911 Federal government public administration | 750 | 685 | 60 | 0 | 10 | 60 |
| 912 Provincial and territorial public administration | 2,435 | 2,330 | 85 | 15 | 0 | 90 |
| 913 Local, municipal and regional public administration | 1,390 | 1,360 | 10 | 0 | 20 | 15 |
| 914 Aboriginal public administration | 170 | 155 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 919 International and other extra-territorial public administration | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households - $25 \%$ sample data 141 | 12,825 | 12,220 | 410 | 45 | 150 | 430 |
| Worked at home | 385 | 345 | 15 | 10 | 20 | 20 |
| Worked outside Canada | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| No fixed workplace address | 950 | 900 | 30 | 0 | 15 | 30 |
| Worked at usual place | 11,485 | 10,970 | 360 | 40 | 120 | 380 |
| Total - Language used most often at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015-25\% sample data 142 | 16,995 | 16,255 | 440 | 55 | 245 | 470 |
| English | 12,145 | 11,720 | 365 | 35 | 25 | 385 |
| French | 75 | 10 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 65 |
| Non-official language | 4,495 | 4,255 | 0 | 20 | 215 | 10 |
| Aboriginal | 4,480 | 4,245 | 0 | 15 | 215 | 10 |
| Non-Aboriginal | 15 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English and French | 15 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| English and non-official language | 270 | 265 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| French and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| English, French and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015-25\% Sample Data ${ }^{143}$ | 16,995 | 16,255 | 440 | 55 | 245 | 465 |
| None | 7,355 | 6,965 | 185 | 20 | 185 | 195 |
| English | 3,665 | 3,570 | 45 | 10 | 40 | 50 |
| French | 355 | 165 | 175 | 10 | 0 | 180 |


| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Non-official language | 5,560 | 5,505 | 25 | 10 | 20 | 25 |
| Aboriginal | 5,520 | 5,465 | 25 | 10 | 25 | 30 |
| Non-Aboriginal | 40 | 40 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| English and French | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| English and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French and non-official language | 50 | 40 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| English, French and non-official language | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work - $25 \%$ sample data | 11,485 | 10,975 | 360 | 35 | 115 | 380 |
| Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence | 11,050 | 10,555 | 360 | 30 | 105 | 375 |
| Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence | 355 | 340 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commute to a different province or territory | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - $25 \%$ sample data 144 | 12,435 | 11,870 | 390 | 40 | 130 | 410 |
| Car, truck, van - as a driver | 3,600 | 3,385 | 195 | 15 | 15 | 195 |
| Car, truck, van - as a passenger | 2,225 | 2,130 | 50 | 10 | 25 | 55 |
| Public transit | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Walked | 5,495 | 5,300 | 125 | 10 | 60 | 135 |
| Bicycle | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Other method | 990 | 945 | 15 | 10 | 30 | 20 |
| Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - $25 \%$ sample data $\frac{145}{}$ | 12,430 | 11,875 | 390 | 40 | 130 | 410 |
| Less than 15 minutes | 10,585 | 10,110 | 340 | 30 | 105 | 355 |
| 15 to 29 minutes | 1,325 | 1,270 | 45 | 10 | 15 | 45 |
| 30 to 44 minutes | 140 | 135 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 45 to 59 minutes | 65 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 minutes and over | 320 | 305 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - $25 \%$ sample data 146 | 12,430 | 11,875 | 390 | 40 | 130 | 410 |
| Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m. | 140 | 130 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m. | 585 | 555 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m. | 2,060 | 1,940 | 95 | 10 | 15 | 100 |
| Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m. | 6,590 | 6,305 | 210 | 20 | 60 | 220 |
| Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m. | 1,545 | 1,485 | 25 | 0 | 30 | 30 |
| Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m. | 1,510 | 1,460 | 25 | 10 | 25 | 30 |
| Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{147}$ | 34,875 | 32,380 | 565 | 85 | 1,840 | 610 |
| Non-movers | 29,485 | 27,400 | 375 | 75 | 1,635 | 410 |
| Movers | 5,400 | 4,980 | 195 | 10 | 210 | 205 |
| Non-migrants | 3,560 | 3,290 | 65 | 0 | 200 | 70 |
| Migrants | 1,840 | 1,690 | 130 | 10 | 10 | 130 |
| Internal migrants | 1,785 | 1,640 | 125 | 10 | 10 | 125 |
| Intraprovincial migrants | 795 | 765 | 25 | 0 | 10 | 25 |
| Interprovincial migrants | 990 | 880 | 100 | 10 | 0 | 105 |
| External migrants | 55 | 50 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - $25 \%$ sample data ${ }^{148}$ | 31,435 | 29,590 | 530 | 80 | 1,235 | 565 |
| Non-movers | 18,455 | 17,355 | 140 | 40 | 915 | 165 |
| Movers | 12,975 | 12,230 | 385 | 40 | 320 | 405 |
| Non-migrants | 8,745 | 8,315 | 115 | 20 | 290 | 125 |


|  | First official language spoken (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984) | Total - First official language spoken | English | French | English and French | Neither English nor French | Official language minority (number) |
| Migrants | 4,235 | 3,910 | 270 | 20 | 25 | 280 |
| Internal migrants | 4,045 | 3,745 | 255 | 15 | 25 | 265 |
| Intraprovincial migrants | 1,515 | 1,465 | 20 | 0 | 25 | 25 |
| Interprovincial migrants | 2,530 | 2,285 | 235 | 15 | 0 | 245 |
| External migrants | 185 | 170 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 10 |

## Symbol(s)

.. not available for a specific reference period
... not applicable
$\mathbf{x}$ suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
F too unreliable to be published

## Footnote(s)

1 The official language minority population of Quebec includes all individuals with English as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French. The official language minority population of the country overall and of every province and territory other than Quebec includes individuals with French as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French.

2 For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Marital status.

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada

Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.
Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period

It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Working income tax benefit;
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Working income tax benefit;
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada

Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.
Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.
$9 \quad$ After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

10 Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

11 Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Full-year full-time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time ( 30 hours or more per week) and full year ( 49 weeks and over per year) in 2015. For more information, see variable work activity in 2015, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2016.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median.

Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

14 Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

17 Other language(s) spoken regularly at home refers to the languages, if any, that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data
collection, other than the language or languages he or she speaks most often at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Knowledge of official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.
'Knowledge of non-official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys, depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
This is a total population count. The sum of the languages in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one language in the census.

Aboriginal identity refers to whether the person identified with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada. This includes those who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

21 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.
'Single Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are in only one Aboriginal group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both languages or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as 'spoken most often at home' if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which he or she feels most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where two languages are spoken to the child, the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often. If both languages are used equally often, then both languages are included here.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Multiple Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
'Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere' includes persons who are not First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who have Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.
'Registered or Treaty Indian Status' includes persons who are a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

Aboriginal ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and Inuit. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.
'Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with nonAboriginal ancestry
'Single Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
'Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
'Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
'Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.

Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Aboriginal ancestry only.

Citizenship refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.
'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

Immigrant status refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

Includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them.
'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.
'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.
'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.

In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It refers to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

The official name of United States is United States of America.

Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.

Serbia excludes Kosovo.

The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.

The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.

The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.

The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.

The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.

The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

57 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.
'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.
'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

The official name of United States is United States of America.
The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.

The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.

The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.

The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.

The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.

The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

71 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to Canada.
'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.
'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.
'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.

76 'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.

77 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse, the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.

78 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.

79 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.
'Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

81 Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are nonCaucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

For more information on the Visible minority variable, including information on its classification, the questions from which it is derived, data quality and its comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.'

For example, 'East Indian,' 'Pakistani,' 'Sri Lankan', etc.

For example, 'Vietnamese,' 'Cambodian,' 'Laotian,' 'Thai,' etc.

For example, 'Afghan,' 'Iranian,' etc.

The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere.' Includes persons with a write-in response such as 'Guyanese,' 'West Indian,' 'Tibetan,' 'Polynesian,' 'Pacific Islander,' etc.

Includes persons who gave more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in responses, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian.'

Includes persons who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal group question (Question 18), as well as persons who were not considered to be members of a visible minority group.

This is a total population estimate. The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic origin in the census.
'Ethnic origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors. An ancestor is usually more distant than a grandparent. For additional information on the collection and dissemination of ethnic origin data, refer to the Ethnic Origin Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Includes general responses indicating North American origins (e.g., 'North American') as well as more specific responses indicating North American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maritimer').

91 Includes general responses indicating British Isles origins (e.g., 'British,' 'United Kingdom') as well as more specific responses indicating British Isles origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Celtic').

101 Includes general responses indicating Caribbean origins (e.g., 'Antilles,' 'Caribbean') as well as more specific responses indicating Caribbean origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Aruban').

102 Includes general responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins (e.g., 'South American') as well as more specific responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Surinamese').

Includes general responses indicating Central or West African origins (e.g., 'West African') as well as more specific responses indicating Central or West African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Luba,' 'Mossi').
Includes general responses indicating Western European origins (e.g., 'Western European') as well as more specific responses indicating Western European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Liechtensteiner').

Includes general responses indicating Northern European origins (e.g., 'Northern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Northern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Faroese,' 'Scandinavian').

Includes responses of 'Czechoslovakian,' not otherwise specified.
Includes general responses indicating Eastern European origins (e.g., 'Eastern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Eastern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baltic').

Includes responses of 'Yugoslavian,' not otherwise specified.

Includes general responses indicating Southern European origins (e.g., 'Southern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Gibraltarian').

Includes responses of 'Slavic,' not otherwise specified.

Includes general responses indicating Other European origins (e.g., 'European') as well as more specific responses indicating European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Central European').

Includes responses of 'West Indian,' not otherwise specified.

Includes general responses indicating North African origins (e.g., 'North African') as well as more specific responses indicating North African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maghreb').

Includes responses of 'Bantu,' not otherwise specified.
Includes general responses indicating Southern or East African origins (e.g., 'East African') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern or East African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Hutu,' 'Shona').

Includes responses of 'Black,' not otherwise specified.

Includes general responses indicating Other African origins (e.g., 'African') as well as more specific responses indicating Other African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Saharan').

Includes responses of 'Arab,' not otherwise specified.

Includes general responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins (e.g., 'West Asian,' 'Middle Eastern') as well as more specific responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baloch,' 'Circassian').

Includes general responses indicating South Asian origins (e.g., 'South Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating South Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Telugu').

Includes general responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins (e.g., 'Southeast Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Bruneian').

Includes general responses indicating Other Asian origins (e.g., 'Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating Other Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Eurasian').

Includes responses of 'Polynesian,' not otherwise specified.

115 Includes general responses indicating Pacific Islands origins (e.g., 'Pacific Islander') as well as more specific responses indicating Pacific Islands origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Tahitian').

116 Highest certificate, diploma or degree is the classification used in the census to measure the broader concept of 'Educational attainment.'

This variable refers to the highest level of education that a person has successfully completed and is derived from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported.

The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education. At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a 'master's degree' necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above bachelor level.' Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.
Users are advised to consult data quality comments for 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree', available in the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

117 'Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

118 'Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions.
'Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' also includes Journeyperson's designations.

120 'Earned doctorate' refers to persons who have completed a doctorate degree awarded by a university. This includes, for example, Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) and Doctor of Juridical Science (S.J.D.). It does not include honorary doctorates.

121 'Field of study' refers to the discipline or area of learning/training associated with a particular course or programme of study.
This variable refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest completed postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.

This 'Major field of study' variable can be used either independently or in conjunction with the 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree' variable. When the latter is used with 'Major field of study,' it should be noted that different fields of study will be more common for different types of postsecondary qualifications. At the detailed program level, some programs are only offered by certain types of institutions.

There was an explicit instruction in the questionnaire which instructed respondents to be as specific as possible in indicating a subfield or subcategory of specialization within a broad discipline or area of training.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.
This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2016 - Alternative primary groupings' CIP variant, with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series ' 30 . Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies,' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2016: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/concepts/classification.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.
Certain series and their subcomponents are not used when coding major field of study for the census. These are series 21 , 32 to 37 and 53 , which represent non-credit and personal improvement fields of study.

122 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma; a college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma; or a university certificate, diploma or degree.

123 'Interdisciplinary humanities' includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies,' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies,' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' and '30.29 Maritime studies.'
'Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences' includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution,' '30.10 Biopsychology,' '30.11 Gerontology,' '30.14 Museology/museum studies,' '30.15 Science, technology and society,' '30.17 Behavioural sciences,' '30.20 International/global studies,' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies,' '30.25 Cognitive science,' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis,' '30.28 Dispute resolution,' '30.31 Human computer interaction' and '30.33 Sustainability studies.' sciences.'

126 'Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences' includes '30.06 Systems science and theory,' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' and '30.30 Computational science.'

127 'Location of study' refers to either:

- the province, territory or country of the institution from which a person obtained a certificate, diploma or degree, or;
- the province, territory or country of the institution that a person attended during a specified reference period, or for a specific level of education.

In both cases, location of study refers to the location of the institution granting the certificate, diploma or degree, not the location of the person at the time he or she obtained the qualification or was attending the institution. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of study.

This is a summary variable that indicates whether the 'Location of study' of the person's highest certificate, diploma or degree was the same province or territory where the person lived at the time of the 2016 Census of Population, a different Canadian province or territory, or outside Canada. This variable is derived from 'Location of study' and 'Province or territory of current residence.' It only applies to individuals who had completed a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
'Location of study outside Canada' may be further sub-classified using the Standard Classification of Countries and Areas of Interest (SCCAI). When using the SCCAI for this sub-classification, the class 'Canada' is not used.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for 'Location of study compared with province or territory of residence,' refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

128 'Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma,' 'college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates, diplomas and degrees.

129 Refers to all locations of study outside Canada, including the six locations outside Canada most often reported at the national level. These will not necessarily be the top six countries for other geographies.

The official name of United States is United States of America.

131 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
133 Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Early enumeration was conducted in remote, isolated parts of the provinces and territories. When enumeration has taken place before May 2016, the reference date used is the date on which the household was enumerated.

In the past, this variable was called Labour force activity.

134 Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2015 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time ( 30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2015 and persons who worked in 2016, but not in 2015.

136 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year (49 weeks and over) and mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) in 2015.

137 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year mostly part time or part year mostly full time or part year mostly part time in 2015. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.

138 Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016.

Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.

140 The code and title of this category are not found in the North American Classification System (NAICS) 2012; this category is needed due to the combination of NAICS sub-sectors performed during the coding process.

141 Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

142 Language used most often at work refers to the language the person uses most often at work. A person can report more than one language as 'used most often at work' if the languages are used equally often.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

143 Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages, if any, that the person uses in their job on a regular basis, other than the language or languages he or she uses most often at work.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

144 The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

145 Refers to the length of time, in minutes, usually required by a person to travel between his or her place of residence and his or her place of work.

146 Refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves home to go to their place of work.

147 Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

148 Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

## Data quality note(s) - Nunavut

- Incomplete enumeration flag Default. Not applicable.
- Long-form data quality flag

Global non-response rate (GNR), long-form census questionnaire: 8.7\%.

- Long-form income data quality flag

Data quality index showing a long-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to $10 \%$, but lower than $20 \%$.

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